

KINETIC NATURE OF BLUE FLAMES OF ISOCTANE SELF-IGNITION BY COMPRESSION

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Abstract: A detailed kinetic mechanism of oxidation and combustion of isooctane was used for numerical simulation of blue flames which were observed at spontaneous ignition in compression-ignition engines. Satisfactory agreement between predicted and measured data on pressure, temperature, and time histories of main reaction products was obtained.

Keywords: isooctane; detailed kinetic mechanism; autoignition by compression; blue flames

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